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Publisher: Taylor & Francis

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Annals and Magazine of Natural History: Series 9

Publication details, including
instructions for authors and
subscription information:

[http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/
tnah15](http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/tnah15)

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Published online: 02 Sep 2009.

To cite this article: Oldfield Thomas (1921) LV.—A new hedgehog from the Island of Djerba, Tunis , Annals and Magazine of Natural History: Series 9, 8:47, 570-570, DOI: [10.1080/00222932108632619](https://doi.org/10.1080/00222932108632619)

To link to this article: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00222932108632619>

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LV.—A new Hedgehog from the Island of Djerba, Tunis.

By OLDFIELD THOMAS.

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By the kind intermediation of Dr. Hartert, the British Museum has received, as a donation, from Mons. Blanc, the well-known naturalist of Tunis, a number of small mammals from that still little-known country.

Among these there are examples of the following new form of hedgehog:—

Paraechinus deserti blancalis, subsp. n.

Essential characters as in true *deserti*, but with a greater amount of white. Under surface almost wholly white, a small area in the inguinal region alone brown; in *deserti* the lower surface is prominently brown as far forward as the sternum. Ears whitish behind, with scarcely any brown on them. Limbs also with less white, the terminal brown only commencing on the wrists and ankles, while in *deserti* the forearms and legs are also brown.

Skull as in *deserti*.

Condyllo-basal length of skull 46 mm.; zygomatic breadth 28; upper tooth-series 21·7.

Hab. Island of Djerba, S.E. Tunis.

Type. Adult female. B.M. no. 20.5.4.5. Original number 8b. Presented by Mons. Blanc of Tunis. Five specimens examined.

No doubt very closely allied to the *deserti* of the mainland, but distinguishable by its less brown underside.

LVI.—On some Remains of a *Theropodous Dinosaur* from the Lower Lias of Barrow-on-Soar. By CHARLES W. ANDREWS, D.Sc., F.R.S. (British Museum Natural History).

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REMAINS of Theropodous Dinosaurs in deposits of Liassic age are of extreme rarity. Lydekker has described and figured (Catal. Foss. Rept. Brit. Mus. pt. i. (1888) p. 173, fig. 28) a tooth from the Lower Lias of Lyme Regis, which he doubtfully refers to the Triassic genus *Zanclodon*. Later, Dr. Smith Woodward gave an account with a figure (Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. ser. 8, vol. i. (1908) p. 257) of a small slender right tibia from the Lower Lias of Wilmcote, Warwickshire. This he regards as belonging to a lightly-built and active Megalosaurian Dinosaur, pointing out that